30:306 Introduction to Gerontology

Diseases and Disorders Commonly Found in Older Adults

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Disease or Disorder

Comments

Disease

Cardiac and cerebral arteriosclerosis	Among the major causes of death, morbidity & disability in old age
Cardiac conduction defects & arrhythmias	Ventricular premature contractions usually begin: CHB and afib are common and serious in the elderly
Polymyalgia rheumatica, temporal arteritis	Two conditions may coexist; if arteritis is suspected, early intervention needed to prevent blindness
Type 2 diabetes mellitus; nonketotic hyper- osmolar coma (HHNK)	HHNK virtually limited to older adults
Abdominal aortic aneurysm (AAA)	Close monitoring for $AAA = or > 3$ cm. diameter
Carcinoma (breast, colon, lung, prostate, Skin)	Old age remains a major predictive factor in Ca incidence
Benign prostatic hypertrophy	Causes obstructive symptoms in 50% of men > 75
Osteoarthritis	Present in $> 50\%$ women after age 75
Osteoporosis	Present in $> 75\%$ women over 80
Parkinson's disease	A major contributor to falls & disability in old age
Diverticulosis/itis	A leading cause of GI bleeding in those >65
Myelofibrosis, multiple myeloma	Replacement of bone marrow by fibrous tissue, occurs after 50, replacement of bone marrow by multiple tumor masses, median age at onset age 60
Hypertension	Occurs in 30-60% > 65

Tuberculosis	Nursing home patients at high risk
Depression/suicide	White males greatest suicide risk > 65
Herpes zoster	Post-herpetic neuralgia in 50% > age 60

Disorders

Dementia	5% prevalence at 65-74; 40% > age 80
Delirium	Found in up to 30% hospitalized older pts.
Visual impairment (cataracts, macular degeneration, glaucoma)	Severe in 30% persons > 75
Hearing impairment	Severe in up to 30% > age 75
Malnutrition (overweight, underweight, micronutrient deficient)	Underdiagnosed in up to 50% of patients
Urinary incontinence	Often underdiagnosed; present in up to 25% of community-dwelling elderly
Falls	30% of older persons fall each year; 5% of falls result in serious injury
Pressure sores	Occur in 5% of hospitalized elderly
Disability	5% of those > age 65 and 50% of those > 85 are unable to perform = or > 1 ADL
Foot problems	Present in $> 50\%$ of older persons; contribute to falls
Hypothermia	Often develops insidiously; when severe may be underestimated with usual clinical thermometer

From: Lonergan, E.T. (1996). Geriatrics: A Lange clinical manual. Stamford, CT:

Appleton & Lange, p. 2.

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